SCHEDULE
VICTORIA
Bayside City
HMVS Cerberus:
Halfmoon Bay breakwater, just off Black Rock.

Criterion       Values

(a) the place has outstanding heritage value to the nation because of the place's importance in the course, or pattern, of Australia's natural or cultural history.

The HMVS Cerberus is important as evidence of the development of Australia as a nation and as part of the British Empire. The British Parliament passed the Colonial Naval Defence Act 1865 giving the colonies the power to make laws to provide for their own naval defence. The construction of HMVS Cerberus (1867-1870) reflects a period in Australia's history when the colonies were thought vulnerable to coastal attack and invasion. This was especially felt by Victoria, the wealthiest colony, and from which, a significant amount of the wealth from the goldfields was exported.

The history of the service of HMVS Cerberus, from 1871 to 1924, illustrates the development of Australia's defensive needs as part of the British Empire and the role of Britain in providing naval expertise and technical assistance to the Australian colonies. The desire of the colonial governments to produce a coordinated defence was one of the major considerations in the move towards federation, and one, which moved the Cerberus from the Victorian Colonial Navy to the Royal Australian Navy in 1911.

(b) the place has outstanding heritage value to the nation because of the place's possession of uncommon, rare or endangered aspects of Australia's natural or cultural history.

The HMVS Cerberus was one of only three vessels of its exact type ever built, and is the only surviving example of this type of vessel in the world. It is the only substantially intact, surviving warship of Australia’s pre-Federation colonial navies.

The HMVS Cerberus was the first British built naval ship in which sail-power was dispensed with and which used steam power alone for propulsion. It was the first ship to have a central superstructure, with gun turrets above deck both fore and aft. It was also the first British designed warship to use low freeboard in the monitor style and the first to have iron breastwork protection.

The HMVS Cerberus, both as an example of Reed’s naval design and a monitor style vessel, is a rare feature of Australia’s maritime and naval history at a time when the defence of the Australian colonies relied on British expertise and technical assistance.

For a description of any references quoted above, and more information on the place please search the Australian Heritage Database at http://www.deh.gov.au/cgi-bin/ahdb/search.pl using the name of the place.